

INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
THIRD PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION
ENGLISH

SUGGESTED ANSWERS - SET 1

CLASS: X

08.01.2018

Max. Marks: 80

1. ANSWER ANY 8

- a) Bappa Rawal is the earliest king of Mewar as mentioned in the passage.
- b) Rana Kumba gave new stature to the kingdom through victories and development work.
- c) Literature and art also progressed during his time. He himself was inclined towards writing and his works are read even today.
- d) According to the writer, the loving and pleasant nature of the people of Mewar is worth admiration.
- e) Amidst aggression and bloodshed, art and literature flourished in Mewar, as it was the land of the brave.
- f) The rulers showed that they cared for their subjects by allowing people from other communities and kingdoms to come and carry out construction work.
- g) The erection of Vijaya Stambha and Kirti Stambha in the same fort signify the closeness between the king and the subjects of Mewar.
- h) waning
- i) astonishing

8

2.1 Answer any 4

2 x 4 = 8

- a) Disabled children.
- b) For empowerment of disabled children. Education is a key to their happy and satisfactory life.
- c) Psychological disorders and frustrations are caused.
- d) Lack of opportunities or facilities at school.
- e) Those who are from the well-to-do families may not find themselves in this menace, but those belonging to the lower economic section feel that the effort to obtain education is simply wastage of time and energy not to say anything about money.

2.2 Answer any 2

2 marks

- a) With normal children in normal circumstances
- b) There is crude discrimination between normal and abnormal children
- c) To meet specific needs of such children

2.3 Answer any 2

2 marks

- a) segregate
- b) grave
- c) barriers

3. FORMAT 1 MARK CONTENT 4 Marks ACCURACY 1.5 Marks FLUENCY 1.5 Marks

4. TITLE- 1 CONTENT -4 ACCURACY -2.5 FLUENCY- 2.5 8
10

5. Any 4 4

- a. (ii) out
- b. (iv) had
- c. (iii) before
- d. (iii) one
- e. (ii) that.

6. Any 4 4

- (a) early in the
- (b) those who are
- (c) to going for
- (d) remain in bed
- (e) it is not

7. Any 4 4

- a)The neem is familiar to most people for its medicinal properties.
- b) It is recognized by its distinctive curled leaves and star shaped flowers.
- c) The young leaves are pale and green with a tinge of rust.
- d) The leaves are eaten on New Year’s Day to ward off sickness.
- e) They are dried and put in cupboards to keep out moths and cockroaches

- 8. a) The sun is hot now but earlier the sun was glorious. 1
- b) There is no breeze to help them sail. 1
- c) metaphor 1
- d) sun – right above the mast 1

OR

- a) Caesar speaks these lines to Cassius 1

Her father was a former officer of the Confederate Army. Helen was the first baby in the family. The happy days didn't last long. In the month of February came the illness that closed her eyes and ears. Except for some fleeting memories, all seemed like a nightmare. But during the first nineteen months of her life she had caught faint glimpses of green fields, sky, trees and flowers. The darkness that followed could not wholly blot them out. Her hands started feeling every object and observed every motion. She started making crude signs to communicate with others. A shake of head meant "No" and a nod, meant "Yes". A push meant "Go" and a pull meant "Come". At five, she learned and understood a good deal of what was going on about her. She could fold her clothes and wear them. She began to realise that she was different from other people. Her mother and friends didn't use signs as she did but talked with their mouths. In those days, a little coloured girl, Martha, the daughter of her cook understood her signs. They spent a great deal of time kneading dough balls and feeding the hens and turkeys. Belle, her dog was her other companion. The family consisted of her father and mother, two older half-brothers, and afterwards, a little sister, Mildred. For a long time she regarded her sister an intruder as she had ceased to be her mother's only darling.

Helen's desire to express herself grew. Her failures to make herself understood was followed by outbursts of passion. She had read an account of Laura Bridgman who had been educated instead of being deaf and blind. At the age of six, Dr. Alexander Graham Bell advised her father to contact Mr. Anagnos, the director of the Perkins Institute for the Blind in Boston. Within a few weeks Mr. Anagnos gave a comforting assurance that a teacher, Miss Sullivan had been found to teach Helen. Naturally, the most important day in all her life

was the one on which her teacher, Anne Mansfield Sullivan came. It was the third of March, 1887. And 'the light of love shone' on her in that very hour.

OR

Dr. Alexander Graham Bell

He was the inventor of the telephone and a teacher of the deaf. Helen dedicated her autobiography to Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, and spent much time with him throughout her life. Dr. Bell was the one who took Helen to the World's Fair for the first time. In his own way he described each object to Helen. In electrical building, Helen had the privilege to examine telephones, autophones and other inventions. Helen kept meeting Dr. Bell at different junctures of life. He also helped her when there was a case of plagiarism and other inventions. Dr. Bell remained Helen's friend and benefactor throughout her life.